



# **How to deal with Equations on the MCAT**

# Today's Info Session

- ▶ Introduction
- ▶ Overall equations
  - ▶ Tips for the math
  - ▶ Electrostatics
  - ▶ Magnetism
- ▶ How Can Next Step Help?
  - ▶ Coupon for \$300 off the course!
- ▶ Questions?

Next  
Step  
TEST PREP

**MCAT**  
Medical College  
Admission Test

WHAT IS YOUR NEXT STEP?

# Introduction

**Hi, I'm Phil!**

- ▶ **MCAT Content writer**
  - ▶ **Tutored and taught for 9+ years**
  - ▶ **Attended University of Nebraska Medical Center as an MD/PhD student.**
- ✓ **Next Step is a team of test prep and educational experts committed to excellence.**



# Who Is Next Step?

Next  
Step  
TEST PREP

- Began in 2009 as a tutoring company
- Focus on graduate admissions tests only
- Team of educational experts
- First company to have materials built from ground up for 2015 MCAT format
- Now the first company to have new 2018 MCAT Interface

✓ We never stop improving our materials!



# Math on the MCAT

## Chemistry and Physics

## Bio

Hardy Weinberg  
 Recombination frequencies  
 Enzyme rates  
 $IC_{50}$   
 DATA!!!!!!

### Electricity and Magnetism

$$F = kQ_1Q_2 / r^2$$

$$F = qVB\sin\theta$$

$$F = iLB\sin\theta$$

$$V = IR$$

$$P = IV$$

$$R = \rho L / A$$

$$V_{rms} = V_{max} / \sqrt{2}$$

$$I_{rms} = I_{max} / \sqrt{2}$$

**Resistors in series:**

$$R_{tot} = R_1 + R_2 \dots$$

**Resistors in parallel:**

$$1/R_{tot} = 1/R_1 + 1/R_2 \dots$$

**Capacitors in series:**

$$1/C_{tot} = 1/C_1 + 1/C_2 \dots$$

**Capacitors in parallel:**

$$C_{tot} = C_1 + C_2 \dots$$

$$C = Q/V$$

$$\text{Energy} = (1/2)QV$$

$$F = qE$$

$$V = Ed$$

$$\text{Energy} = qEd$$

$$E = kQ/r^2$$

$$\text{Energy} = kQq/r$$

$$V = kQ/r$$

$$\Delta G = -nFE$$

$$E_{cell} = E_{cath} - E_{an}$$

### Waves

$$v = f\lambda$$

$$T = 1/f$$

### Light

$$n_1\sin\theta_1 = n_2\sin\theta_2$$

$$\sin\theta_c = n_2/n_1$$

$$E = hf$$

$$m = -d_i / d_o$$

$$P = 1/f$$

$$f = (1/2)r$$

$$n = c/v$$

$$1/f = 1/d_i + 1/d_o$$

### Sound

$$d\beta = 10 \log(I/I_0)$$

$$L = n\lambda/2 \quad (n=1, 2, \dots)$$

$$L = n\lambda/4 \quad (n=1, 3, \dots)$$

$$f_{beat} = |f_1 - f_2|$$

$$f = f_e[v \pm v_d] / [v \pm v_s]$$

### Fluids

$$\rho = m/V$$

$$P = F/A$$

$$P = P_{atm} + \rho g d$$

$$F_b = \rho g V$$

$$Q = Av$$

$$P + \rho g y + (1/2)\rho v^2 =$$

constant

### Gases

$$PV = nRT$$

$$\text{Boyle: } PV = k$$

$$\text{Guy-Lussac: } P/T = k$$

$$\text{Charles: } V/T = k$$

$$\text{Avogadro: } n/V = k$$

$$R_1/R_2 = \sqrt{m_2/m_1}$$

$$P_A = X_A \times P_{tot}$$

### Solutions

$$pH = pK_a + \log(A^-/HA)$$

$$M = \text{mol} / L$$

$$m = \text{mol} / \text{kg}$$

$$N = M \times \# \text{ of } H^+$$

$$pH = -\log[H^+]$$

$$M_i V_i = M_f V_f$$

$$\Pi = MRT$$

$$\Delta T_f = i k_f m$$

$$\Delta T_b = i k_b m$$

$$X_A = \text{mol}_A / \text{mol}_{tot}$$

### Thermo

$$\Delta U = Q - W$$

$$\Delta U = (3/2)nRT$$

$$W = P\Delta V$$

$$Q = mc\Delta T$$

$$Q = mH_L$$

$$\Delta G = \Delta H - T\Delta S$$

$$\Delta H_{rxn} = \Delta H_{prod} - \Delta H_{react}$$

### Kinematics

$$v_f = v_o + at$$

$$d = v_o t + (1/2)at^2$$

$$v_f^2 = v_o^2 + 2ad$$

$$a_c = v^2 / r$$

$$F_c = mv^2 / r$$

$$v_x = v_o \cos\theta$$

$$v_y = v_o \sin\theta$$

### Mechanics

$$F = ma$$

$$F_{a \text{ on } b} = -F_{b \text{ on } a}$$

$$F_{fric} = \mu F_N$$

$$F_g = GM_1 m_2 / r^2$$

$$F_g = mg$$

$$F = kx$$

$$\tau = rF\sin\theta$$

$$P = W/t$$

$$W = Fd\cos\theta$$

$$E_K = (1/2)mv^2$$

$$U = mgh$$

$$U = -GM_1 m_2 / r$$

### Inclined Plane

$$F_{incline} = mg\sin\theta$$

$$F_N = mg\cos\theta$$

$$F_{fric} = \mu mg\cos\theta$$

# Tip #1-

Look for stuff to cancel and avoid plugging in numbers and calculating until the very end.

How fast will water spray from this container if a hole is drilled 20 m below the surface level?

$$P_1 + \rho gh_1 + \frac{1}{2} \rho v_1^2 = P_2 + \rho gh_2 + \frac{1}{2} \rho v_2^2$$

$$P_1 + \rho gh_1 + \frac{1}{2} \rho v_1^2 = P_2 + \rho gh_2 + \frac{1}{2} \rho v_2^2$$

$$\rho gh_1 + \frac{1}{2} \rho (0)^2 = \rho gh_2 + \frac{1}{2} \rho v_2^2$$

$$\rho gh_1 = \rho g h_2 + \frac{1}{2} \rho v_2^2$$

$$\rho gh_1 = \frac{1}{2} \rho v_2^2$$

$$gh_1 = \frac{1}{2} v_2^2$$

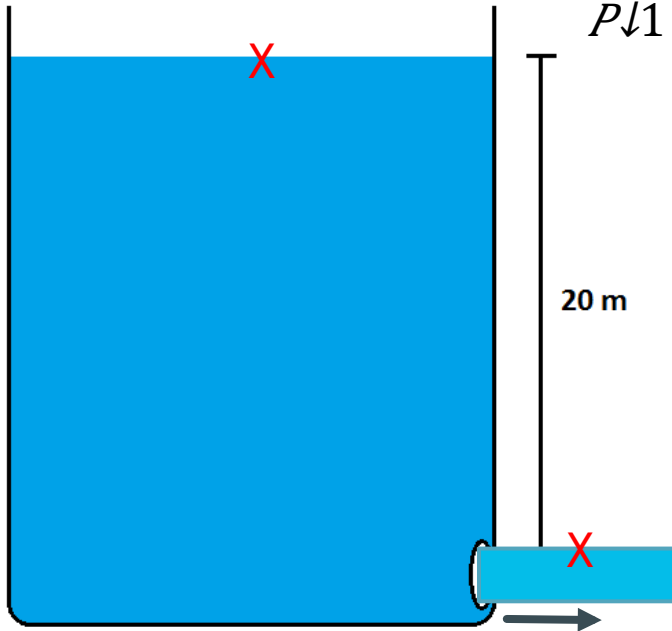
$$v_2^2 = 2gh_1$$

$$v_2 = \sqrt{2gh_1}$$

$$v_2 = \sqrt{2(10)(20)}$$

$$v_2 = \sqrt{400}$$

$$v_2 = 20 \text{ m/s}$$



# Tip #2- Let the answer choices help you.

Help you figure out how to solve an equation

Guide your rounding

What is the rate of flow for water traveling through a pipe that has a diameter of 4 cm and a length of 310 meters if the pressure change from one end of the pipe to the other is 90 kPa and the viscosity of water is 0.009 Pa s?

- A.  $2.0 \times 10^{-3} \text{ m}^3/\text{s}$
- B.  $4.0 \times 10^{-3} \text{ m}^3/\text{s}$
- C.  $6.3 \times 10^{-3} \text{ m}^3/\text{s}$
- D.  $9.0 \times 10^{-3} \text{ m}^3/\text{s}$

$$Q = \frac{\Delta P \pi r^4}{8 \eta L}$$

$$Q = (9 \times 10^4 \text{ Pa})(3.14)(0.02 \text{ m})^4 / 8(9 \times 10^{-3} \text{ Pa s})(3.1 \times 10^2 \text{ m})$$

$$Q = (9)(3.14)(2)^4 / 8(9)(3.1)$$

$$Q = 16/8 = 2$$

**Tip #2-** Let the answer choices help you.

Help you figure out how to solve an equation

Guide your rounding

Bill pushes a 2 kg box with a force of 8N. If the box moves 3 meters over the course of 2 seconds, what is Bill's power?

- A. *1.5 Watts*
- B. *8 Watts*
- C. *12 Watts*
- D. *16 Watts*

A 6kg, +3C charge is placed 4 m from another point charge. The spot that is placed in has a potential of 8 volts. What is the magnitude of the force experienced by the charges?



# Electrostatics

One of the four fundamental forces of physics:

- ▶ Electromagnetism
- ▶ Gravity
- ▶ Strong Nuclear
- ▶ Weak Nuclear

The last two aren't on the MCAT. YAY!



# Electrostatics

## Difference between electrostatics and magnetism

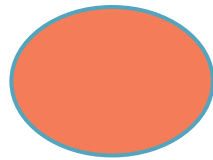
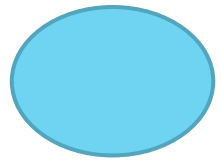
▶ **Electrostatics:**  
**Study of stationary charges**

▶ **Magnetism:**  
**Moving charges**

# Electrostatics

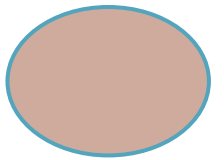
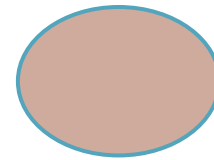
**Electrostatic  
Force:**

$$F = kqQ / r^2$$



**Gravity!**

$$F = GmM / r^2$$



# Electrostatics

**Newtons!**

**Force:**

$$F = kqQ / r^2$$

**Joules!**

**Energy:**

$$U = kqQ / r$$

$$\text{Joules} = \text{Nm}$$

$$\text{Energy} = \text{Force} \times \text{distance}$$

$$\text{Energy} = (kqQ / r^2) (r)$$

# Electrostatics

**Newton's!**

Force:

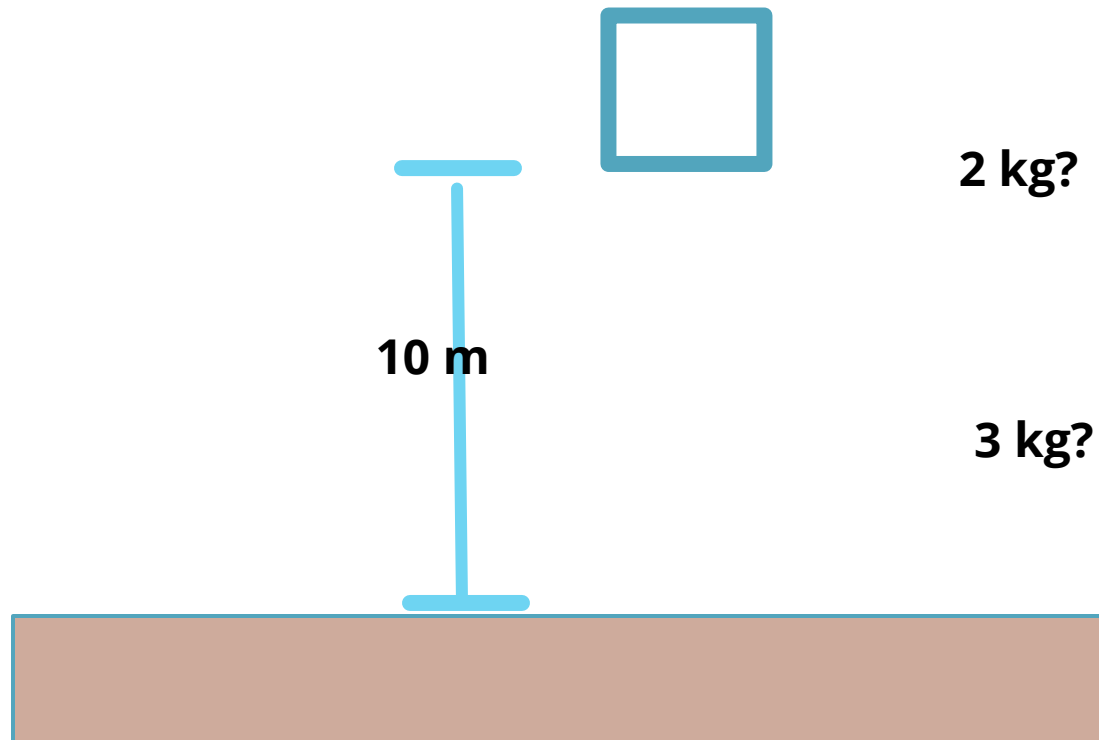
$$F = kqQ / r^2$$

**Joules!**

Energy:

$$U = kqQ / r$$

This spot is 10 m above the ground, How much energy will a 1 kg object have *if* I put it in the spot?



# Electrostatics

Newton's

Force:

$$F = kqQ / r^2$$

Joules

Energy:

$$U = kqQ / r$$

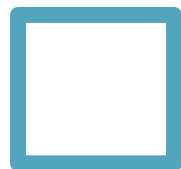
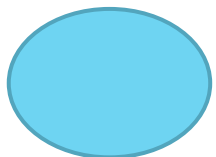
Potential

J/C

$$V = kq / r$$

A single charge will create a voltage. If we put in another charge, it will have energy.

Voltage = Joules/Coulomb



# Electrostatics

Newton's

Force:

$$F = kqQ / r^2$$

N/C!

Electric field

$$E = kq / r^2$$

Electric fields are similar to voltage, but are N/C

Joules

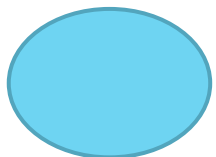
Energy:

$$U = kqQ / r$$

J/C

Potential

$$V = kq / r$$



# Electrostatics

**Force:**

$$F = kqQ / r^2$$

**Electric field**

$$E = kq / r^2$$

**Energy:**

$$U = kqQ / r$$

**Voltage**

$$V = kq / r$$

2m from a positive charge, there is a voltage of 30 Volts.  
How much energy will a 2C charge have if I place it there?

How much energy if I put a 3C charge at 4m?

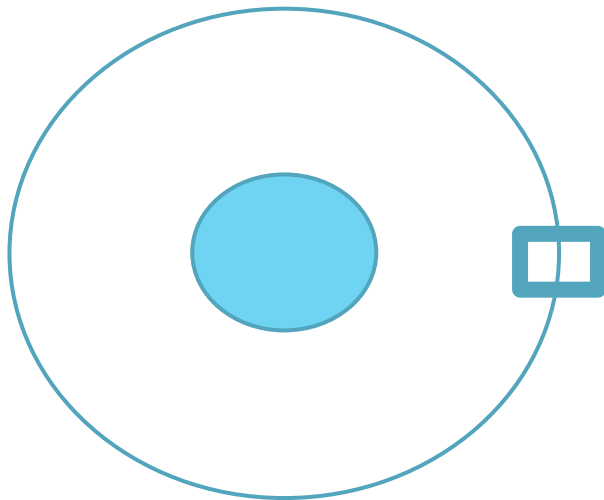
How much force will there be if I place a 6 C charge at 6m?

$$U = Fr$$

$$V = Er$$

$$U = qV$$

$$F = qE$$





# Magnetism

Magnetic fields are created by moving charges and exert forces on other moving charges.

$$B = \mu I / 2\pi r$$

$$\mu = 1.256 \times 10^{-6} \text{ N/A}^2$$



# Magnetism

## Right-hand-rule #1

**Thumb = direction of current**

**Fingers = curl with magnetic field  
(which is circular)**

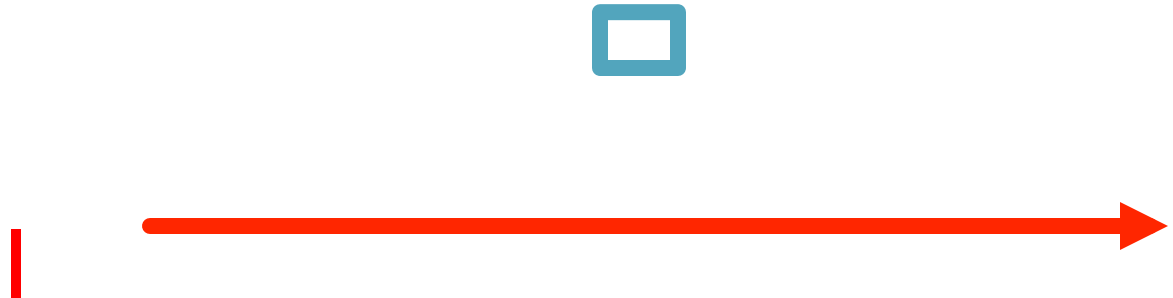


# Magnetism

## Right-hand-rule #1

**Thumb = direction of current**

**Fingers = curl with magnetic field  
(which is circular)**



# Magnetism

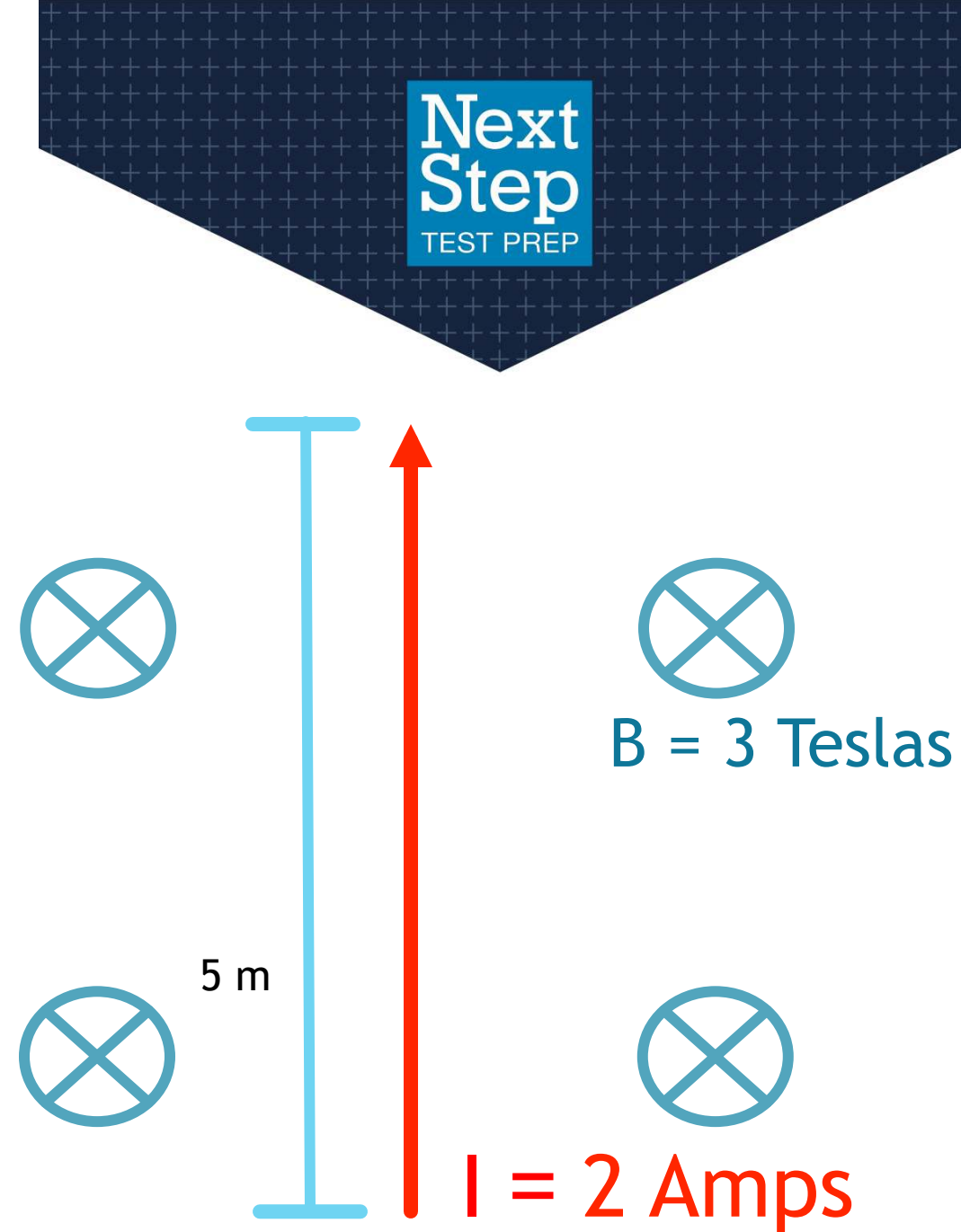
Magnetic fields exert forces on other moving charges. These moving charges could be :

Particles (like a proton)

$$F = qvB\sin\theta$$

Current carrying wires

$$F = ILB\sin\theta$$



# Magnetism

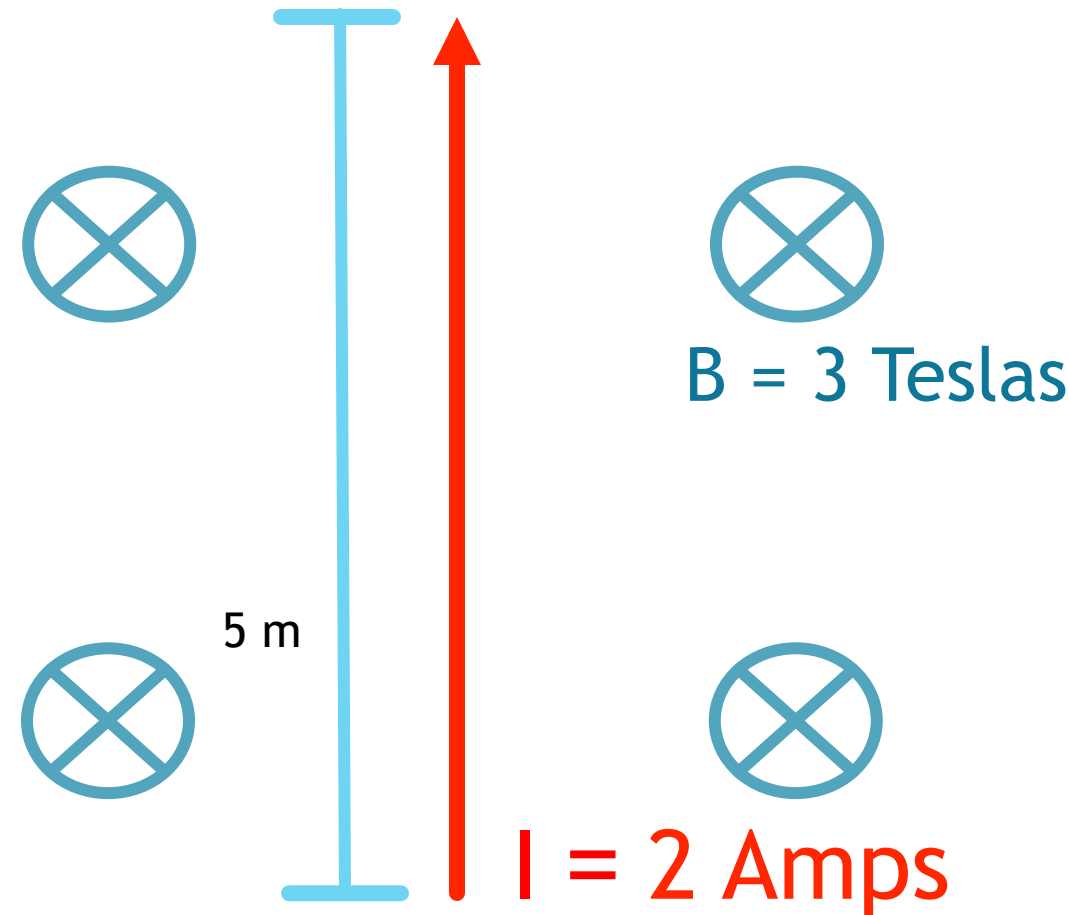
What about direction?

Right-hand-rule #2

Thumb = direction of velocity/ Current

Fingers = direction of B

Palm = direction of force



# Magnetism



Q

I have a machine that gives molecules a positive charge and then shoots them into a room with a magnetic field at a set speed. What happens as I fire them into the room?

**Next  
Step**  
TEST PREP

**Q&A**

# Next Step: Core Values

Next  
Step  
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**Approachability**



**Authenticity**



**Professionalism**

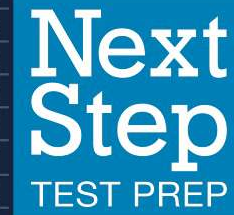


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Medical College Admission Test - Clara Gillan Time Remaining: 01:21:34 18 of 59

Highlight Strikethrough Remove Highlight

Pause

Question 18

Which of the statements below is supported by the experimental results, as shown in Figures 1 and 2?

- A. The duration of Eos co-culture with NK cells directly and linearly correlates to the amount of ECP found in the supernatant after centrifugation.
- B. Cells cultured with a 1:1 NK-to-Eos ratio displayed statistically similar levels of activation to cells cultured with a 5:1 NK-to-Eos ratio, as measured by CD69 expression.
- C. NK co-culture stimulates Eos activation while inhibiting degranulation.
- D. Co-culture with NK cells significantly increased Eos degranulation in all groups, as compared to Eos cells cultured alone.

Figure 1 Eosinophil activation as measured by percent of CD69-positive cells after 3 and 12 hours of co-culture (\*p < 0.05, \*\*p < 0.01, \*\*\*p < 0.001)

Next, researchers aimed to assess the effect of NK co-culture on eosinophil degranulation. After 3 and 12 hours of co-culture, samples were centrifuged at 1500 rpm, and ECP levels were measured in the supernatants (Figure 2). No ECP was detected in supernatant culture of NK cells alone.

3 H 12 H

Periodic Table Review Screen Previous Next

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